## **43810 to 43925**—Continued.

about  $1\frac{1}{4}$  inches wide, and are produced in erect racemes, with 5 to 11 flowers in each raceme. (Adapted from *Bean, Trees and Shrubs Hardy* in the British Isles, vol. 2, p. 140.)

43861. Pinus armandi Franch. Pinaceæ.

Pine.

A medium-sized pine, native of Shensi, China, producing large cones full of large edible seeds, which are collected by the priests in the temples. (Adapted from a note of Frank N. Meyer, dated June 8, 1914.)

See also S. P. I. No. 38468 for further description.

43862. Populus maximowiczii A. Henry. Salicaceæ.

A magnificent poplar, the largest in eastern Asia, becoming 100 feet high and 6 feet in diameter. The pale-brown branchlets are densely pubescent, and the nearly circular leaves, which are whitish or rusty beneath, are about 4 inches long. The fruiting catkins are from 7 to 10 inches long, remaining on the tree unopened until late summer or autumn. The shapely head and attractive foliage make this hardy poplar very desirable. (Adapted from Bailey, Standard Cyclopedia of Horticulture, vol. 5, p. 2763.)

43863. Prinsepia uniflora Batal. Amygdalaceæ.

A spiny shrub, native of Shansi, China, growing to a height of 3 to 5 feet. The pale rosy flowers appear in early May, and the dark-red fruits are juicy but sour. (Adapted from a note of Frank N. Meyer, dated Nov. 17, 1914.)

See also S. P. I. No. 39432 for further description.

43864. Prunus apetala (Sieb. and Zucc.) Franch. and Savat. Amygdalaceæ.

A shrub or tree from Japan, with oblong or oval-oblong leaves which are deeply and doubly serrate and 1 to 2 inches long. The flowers have deep purple calyces and petals which are very small and which fall off very soon. In this country this cherry is little known in cultivation. (Adapted from *Bailey, Standard Cyclopedia of Horticulture, vol. 5, p. 2842.*)

**43865.** Prunus cerasifera divaricata (Ledeb.) C. Schneid. Amygdalaceæ.

A small tree, native of Caucasia, reaching a height of 10 or 12 feet. The white flowers are solitary, and the yellowish fruit is about an inch long. (Adapted from Nicholson, Dictionary of Gardening, vol. 3, p. 235.)

See also S. P. I. No. 37463 for further description.

43866. Prunus grayana Maxim. Amygdalaceæ. Gray's bird cherry. A small tree from 20 to 30 feet high, native of Japan. The leaves are finely serrate, and the white flowers are borne in erect racemes up to 4 inches long. The fruit is black, about the size of a pea. This cherry grows in the mountain forests in its native country and is very uncommon in cultivation. (Adapted from Bean, Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles, vol. 2, p. 237.)

43867. Prunus Maximowiczii Rupr. Amygdalaceæ.

A deciduous tree, up to 20 or 30 feet high, with oval leaves and dull yellowish white flowers. The globose fruit is one-sixth of an inch in diameter and black when ripe. (Adapted from *Bean, Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles, vol. 2, p. 243.*)

See also S. P. I. No. 40189 for further description.